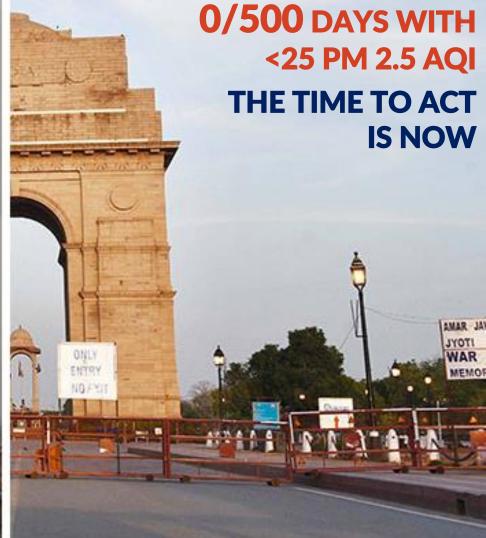


THE AQI IN DELHI IS 200 ON A GOOD DAY

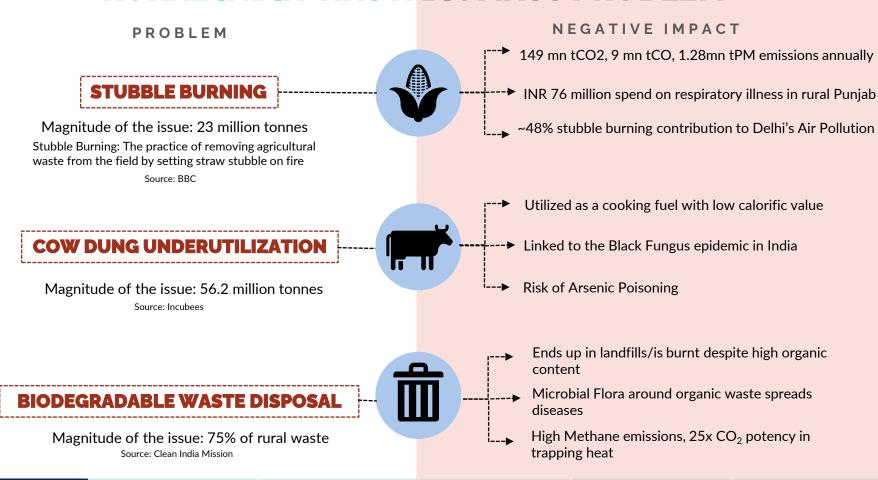
ANYTHING ABOVE 25 IS DEEMED UNSAFE BY THE WHO







RURAL INDIA HAS A BIOMASS PROBLEM





THE PROBLEM CALLS FOR URGENT ACTION



PROMOTING CIRCULARITY: COMPRESSED BIOGAS

"Compressed biogas (CBG) is a circular technology where the by-product of agriculture becomes an input for a fuel, and its by-product nourishes back the soil"

POTENTIAL VS REALITY

- POTENTIAL: 80,000 tons of CBG per day, can replace 50% of the diesel use in transport
- **REALITY:** Only 0.5% of the compressed biogas potential is utilised

Source: IIT Guwahati Study

VS OTHER RENEWABLE SOURCES

Unlike other renewable energy sources. compressed biogas can:

- Be produced **round-the-clock**, and
- Employs more people than the solar and wind energy industry

UTILITY

- The gas, upgraded to 95% methane. is compressed in cylinders and filled in vehicles at compressed natural gas stations, replacing CNG, which is derived from crude oil.
- The **leftover slurry** in CBG Plant can be used as manure.

WHY IS THE INDIAN CBG INDUSTRY UNDERDEVELOPED DESPITE ITS HUGE POTENTIAL?

Funding Needs **CBG Plant** Input **Needs**

The Indian govt seeks to part-finance CBG plants across the country under the **SATAT Scheme**

ENABLERS

Rural Areas provide a Steady Supply of key inputs: Stubble, Cow Dung, **Biodegradable Waste**

PROBLEMS

- Inadequacy of govt. financing support
- Inability of Local communities, Selfhelp groups to fund the remainder

Biomass Segregation and Aggregation

- Seasonality of Stubble
- Improper Waste Segregation
- No mechanism aggregation

MARKET FAILURE

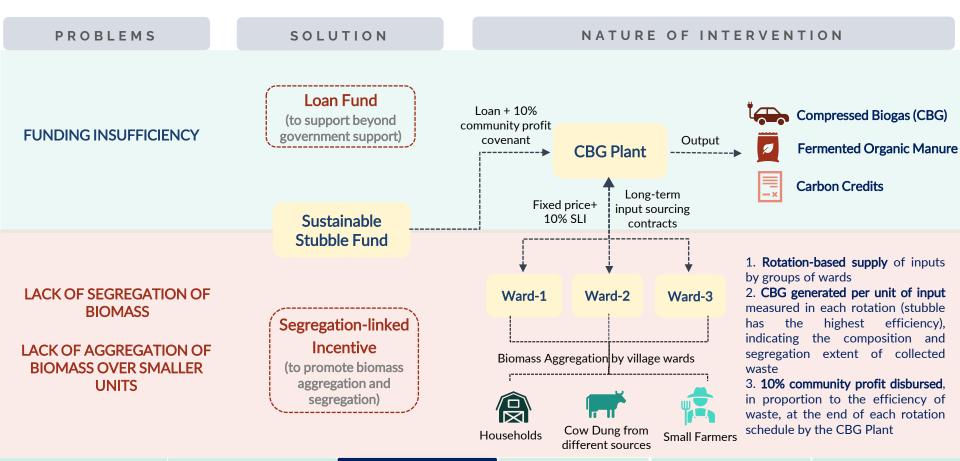
THE TWO PROBLEMS FEED ON EACH OTHER, **CREATING A** VICIOUS CYCLE OF **LOW INVESTMENT**

Source: Indian Biogas Association, SATAT (Govt of India Scheme)

OPPORTUNITY

SUSTAINABLE STUBBLE FUND: OUR SOLUTION

FROM BIOMASS PROBLEM TO BIOMASS POTENTIAL



SUSTAINABLE STUBBLE FUND: STRUCTURE

SEGREGATION-LINKED INCENTIVE (SLI) BENEFITS

HOW DOES IT BENEFIT THE CBG PLANT?





Output of CBG per unit of input

HOW DOES IT BENEFIT VILLAGE WARDS?

- 1. Induces compliance under the Clean India Mission
- 2. Generates revenue for the cash-strapped local authorities

HOW DOES IT BENEFIT THE FUND?





Segregation



Impact

LOAN TERMS AND COVENANTS

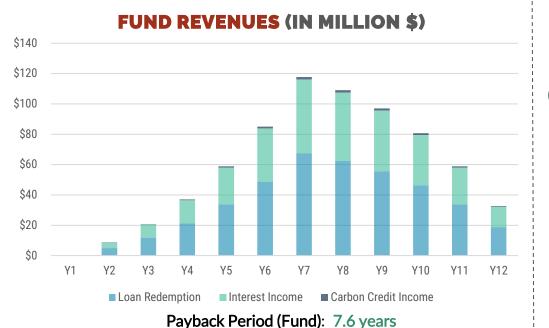
Loan Amount	~\$150,000 6-year loans
Eligibility	SATAT Scheme approved CBG projects proposed by Farmer Cooperatives, Wards, Self-Help Groups
Interest Rate	10 y bond rate (~7%) + Industry-risk premium (~2.5%) + Plant-specific factors (size, input sourcing)
Intermediary	Loans to be disbursed via Microfinance Agencies
Financial Covenants	Productive Capacity > 70%, CBG Land Lease >= 5 years, FCCR >2

CBG PLANT REVENUE REALIZATION AVENUES

OUTPUT	POTENTIAL BUYERS	SUPPORTING FACTORS				
Compressed Biogas	Oil Companies (for vehicles) Households (for cooking)	Indian Oil Companies guarantee purchase of CBG at competitive prices				
Fermented Organic Manure Farmers Fertilizer Companies		Degraded Land; Addition of Phosphatic Rocks to make PROM				
Carbon Credits	Large Corporates in the Voluntary Carbon Markets	Shortage of genuine carbon credits in the voluntary markets				

UNITY SOLUTION IMPACT RISK APPENDIX

SSF: FINANCIAL STRUCTURE



ASSUMPTIONS: FUND

- Conservative Carbon Pricing at \$5
 - Delinquency rate at 5%, declining to 3% ₹/\$ Exchange Rate assumed to be 80
- Loan Guarantee Fund of \$30 Million
 Carbon Credit Realization at 90%

Weighted Average Tax Rate at 19%

FUND HIGHLIGHTS

TARGET RETURN: 14% NET IRR



Structure: \$200 million LP; 12 Y lifetime closed-end fund; \$1 million investor buy-in Funds to be raised in 2 equal rounds during Y-0 & 3



Development Finance Leverage: 3:2

DFIs: Borrowed Funds

Indian DFIs: Canara, IDBI, IFCI, NABARD

Global DFIs: JP Morgan's DFI, IFC, ADB

Large Investors: Equity

High Net-worth Individuals Pension Funds Institutional Investors **ESG Funds**



Development Finance Guarantee: Mandatory CSR spend by Indian oil companies to be channeled into the guarantee pool for DFI loans.



Fund Income:

- 1. Loan Interest
- 5% Share in Carbon Credits



Management Income:

- 1. 0.2% Loan Origination Fee
- 2. 0.5% Share in Carbon Credits

SOLUTION

TO CARBON CREDIT PRICES AND EXPECTED CREDIT GENERATION

Expected Credit	CARBON	CREDIT PRICES	
Generation per CBG Plant	\$ 5	\$10	\$25
1600	17.98%	18.30%	19.27%
2000	18.06%	18.46%	19.67%
2450	18.15%	18.65%	20.12%
2800	18.22%	18.78%	20.47%
3200	18.30%	18.95%	20.88%

TO LOAN DISBURSEMENT TARGETS AND DEFAULT RATES Loan **DFFAULT RATES**

20011	DEIT	TOET TO TIES	
Disbursement Targets	Base	7.50%	10%
80%	14.92%	13.81%	12.57%
90%	16.52%	15.66%	14.53%
100%	18.15%	17.30%	16.35%

SCENARIO: NO GOVT. SUPPORT*

IRR IN THIS SCENARIO: 13.5%, PAYBACK: 9.1 YEARS

*Revised Loan repayment in 8 installments

ASSUMPTIONS: BASE CASE

- Production Capacity: 220 kgs daily
- Operating Days in an year: 350
- Competitive CBG Price: INR 77/kg
- Operating Capacity: 80%
- Loan repayment in 6 installments @12%
- Carbon Credits Priced at USD 5/Offset

CBG PLANT UNIT ECONOMICS

PARTICULARS BASE CASE PESSIMISTIC Loan Ticket Size ₹ 1,20,00,000 ₹ 1,50,00,000 Revenue from sale of Bio-CNG ₹ 47.43.200 ₹ 35,57,400 Weighted Revenue from FOM/PROM (Manure) 17.06.250 ₹ 14,50,312 Revenue from sale of Carbon Credits 9.31.000 7.44.800 **Total Revenue** 73,80,450 57.52.512 Cost of Stubble (₹1000/tonne) 3,50,000 4,90,000 Waste Collection Cost from Wards 1,40,000 1,96,000 (₹400/tonne) Subsidised Electricity Cost (₹3.35/unit) 2.01.600 1.12.560 Labour Cost (2 helpers and 1 technician) 3,36,000 3,36,000 Storage, Compression & Distribution Cost 2.40.000 2,40,000 Other Inputs including Phosphatic Rocks ₹ 81.375 81.375 Repairs and Maintenance Cost 4.20.000 4.20.000

ASSUMPTIONS: PESSIMISTIC CASE

- Removal of Govt. Subsidy
 - CBG offtake at 75%, 20% wastages

SWE Intermediation Charge (5% of input

volume traded) **Total Cost**

Interest Cost (Assuming First Installment)

First Principal Installment

Ward Development (10% Equity)

PAT/EAT for Owners (in USD)

Stubble Cost: INR 1400/ton

16.79.935

20.00.000

58,058

27,530

₹ 14,40,000

10

34,300

19,99,275

18,00,000

18,75,000

977

Loan repayment in 8 installments @12%

₹

Monetizable carbon at 80% capacity Electricity Cost: INR 6/unit

SOLUTION

SCALABILITY AND REPLICABILITY

PILOT

Total Addressable Market (Biogas plants) in India: USD 1.47 billion, growing at 6.3% p.a.

The fund will be launched in **20 districts** across **Haryana** and **Punjab**, with ~70% of total stubble burning in India



A phased nationwide rollout in 3 states every 6 months with MFI and other partners' associations and >30 Approved EOIs per state as a preliminary demand check

LOAN DISBURSAL AND MONITORING: THROUGH MFIS

Roles & Responsibilities of Microfinance Institutes:

Loan Related: Disbursement and Collection

SLI Related: Ensuring the enforcement of SLI-based input sourcing

Microfinance Partners:

Sahayog Group, Ujjivan Finance, Bandhan Bank, Fusion Finance

Microfinance Partners Income:

0.5% (of the loan) processing commission + 0.5% Intermediation Commission Source: Fortune Business Insights

PROSPECTIVE EXTENSIONS

Geographical Extension:



Extending beyond current offerings:

- **1.** Market: Urban Municipal Waste, City Gas Distribution Pipelines
- **2. Product:** Liquified Natural Gas, Aviation Turbine Fuel etc.
- 3. **Input Pricing:** Ward Auctions ensuring price competitiveness

OUR IMPACT THROUGH SDG CONTRIBUTIONS

AND THE CORRESPONDING KPIS

SDGs

KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

HIGH IMPACT

KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

PM2.5, PM10 concentration in air surrounding

fields; CH4, CO₂ emissions reduced in villages





- Avg. CBG Plant Capacity utilization (>90%)
- New CBG tractor registrations in 60+ districts





- Ward Input Contract Renewal Rate (>80%)
- CBG sold by OMCs as a fraction of CNG(~5%)
- Creation of closed loops: Ward ownership as a % of overall plant owners







• Instances of stubble burning/open waste dumping/burning captured via satellite

- Degraded land restored (FOM Usage in villages)
- Net Sown Area Cultivation on Degraded Land



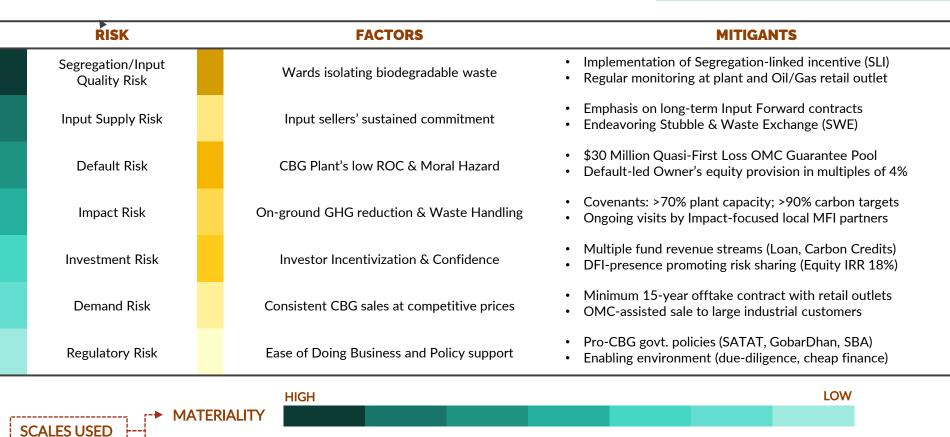
MODERATE IMPACT

IMPACT ACROSS THE VALUE CHAIN

RURAL CIRCULARITY BENEFITS

Benef	it	Equivalent to	1	Beneficiary	Source of Impact
700 millio Annual Fertilize		~2.7% of Total Fertilizer Use	in India		Fermented Organic Manure
7290 Jobs Crea		~1.3x An Indian Oil Majors' Er	mployees	\6\6\6\6\	Input Aggregation; CBG Plant
USD 19 r Annual Income		~160 Wards' Annual Bu	dget	# #	Segregation Linked Incentives
469 millio Vehicular Emissio		~5 Days CNG consumption in	n India		Adoption of CBG
12.5 million tCO ₂ GHG Reduction		~20% of Delhi's CO ₂ Emis	sions		Prevention of Stubble Burning
789 k Land Rest		~50% of Delhi's Area			Fermented Organic Manure
3 million tons Methane Reduction		~3% ~of Total from Landfills			Better disposal of waste & cow dung
2.7 mn barr Savings on Oil Imports &		~50% of 1-day oil imports i	n India		CBG substituting oil and CNG
CHALLENGE	OPPORTUNITY	SOLUTION	IMPACT	RISK	APPENDIX

RISKS AND MITIGANTS



CHALLENGE OPPORTUNITY SOLUTION IMPACT RISK APPENDIX

PROBABILITY

OUR TEAM



Aarohi Sharma is a final year M.A. Economics candidate at the Delhi School of Economics, University of Delhi. With a keen eye for sustainability, she is driven towards the application of finance to solve the environment's deepest threats. In terms of past experiences, she has previously been associated with DE Shaw and Nestle, offering a diverse set of experiences.



Parv Maheshwari is a final year M.A. Economics candidate at the Delhi School of Economics, University of Delhi. He is passionate about modern macroeconomics and working with economic fundamentals. He shall be joining JP Morgan Chase as a Credit Risk analyst after graduation.



THANK YOU

Kellogg-Morgan Stanley Sustainable Investing Challenge 2023

SPECIAL THANKS TO

Agne Rackauskaite

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Noah Law

FinnFund

Matthew Nabhan

Graystone Consulting

Andrew Vogeler

Orrick

Matt Janosko

Orrick

Shuvendu Bose

World Bank

Tanio J O'Connor

Social Impact at Kellogg

Megan Kashner

Social Impact at Kellogg

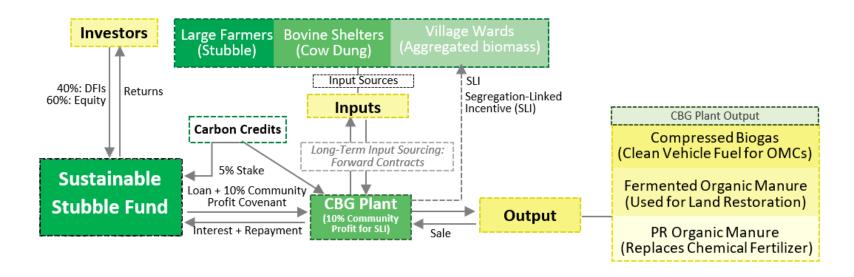
Devin Rapson

Social Impact at Kellogg

Sophia Sun

Social Impact at Kellogg

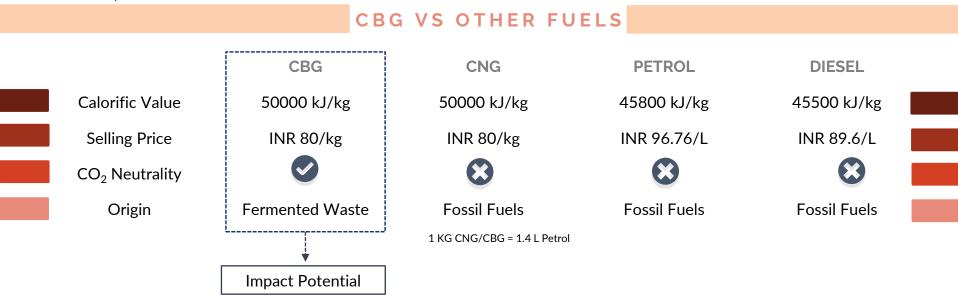
DETAILED FUND STRUCTURE



CBG INPUT EFFICIENCY

Input	CBG Production (ton)	Feedstock Requirement
Stubble	1	10 ton
Cow Dung	1	50 ton
Household Biodegradable Waste	1	20 ton
Press Mud	1	25 ton
Bagasse	1	10 ton
Chicken Litter	1	25 ton
Forest Residue	1	15 ton

Source: Indian Oil Corporation Limited



FARMERS: PRE vs POST STUBBLE SALE

Farmer's Stubble Sale Feasibility (2 Hectare Paddy Farm)						
Avg. Paddy yield in India (tonnes per hectare)	6.47					
Paddy Stubble to Grain multiple	1.5					
Stubble generated on the paddy farm (tonnes)	19.41					
Paddy stubble price (INR/tonne as CBG Plant input)	1,500					
Revenue generated from stubble sale (INR)	29,115					
Stubble removal cost (INR)	6,800					
Supplementary Farm Income (INR)	22,315					
Indirect Savings during next crop cycle (INR for inputs)	37,226					
Total Savings per cycle (INR)	59,541					
Total Savings as a fraction of farmer's paddy income (MSP-2023)	22.51%					

WHY ARE FARMERS RESORTING TO STUBBLE BURNIN	G?
---	----

- Mechanisation in farms, cutting residue at an awkward length, rendered unfit for bovine consumption
- Market Failure and Adverse Incentives by the Govt. on farm inputs, most importantly on fertilizers and irrigation, drastically reducing the cost of cultivation
- Shorter Length of Cropping Cycle and an increase in the average number of crops per farm

FERTILIZER SUBSIDY (UNIT LEVEL

- 90-95% subsidy on Urea
- 70% subsidy on DAP
- Centre Farm Bill. ~1.2% of GDP

POSITIVE GOVERNMENT ACTION ON STUBBLE

- 22% reduction in farm input subsidies this year
- 2 Lakh Happy Seeders distributed for free stubble removal by the Govt.
- INR 5,000/hectare direct cash transfer for not burning stubble

FAQs (I) - CBG & SATAT

S. NO.	QUESTIONS	CLARIFICATIONS
1.	What is Compressed Bio Gas or CBG ?	CBG or Compressed Bio Gas consists of mainly methane (more than 90%) and other gasses like carbon dioxide (less than 4%), etc. CBG is produced by anaerobic digestion of biomass and waste sources like agricultural residue, cattle dung, sugarcane press mud, municipal solid waste, sewage treatment plant waste, etc. This Biogas can be purified to remove hydrogen sulphide (H2S), carbon dioxide (CO2), water vapor and when this purified biogas (methane content more than 90%) is compressed to maximum 250 bar and filled up in cascades (group of high pressure cylindrical vessels) it is called Compressed Bio Gas or CBG
2.	Is CBG same as CNG or is there any difference. Can CBG be filled in the vehicle which are currently running on CNG. In other words, can a vehicle running on CNG be straightway filled with CBG without any modification in the vehicle?	 CBG has properties almost similar to CNG and hence a vehicle running on CNG can straightway be filled with CBG without any modification in the vehicle. Ministry of Road Transport and Highways, Government of India, vide Gazette Notification no. 395 dated 16.6.2015 has permitted usage of CBG for motor vehicles as an alternate of CNG. BIS has issued IS 16087 2016 standards on CBG which is similar to BIS specifications IS 15958:2012 for CNG.
3.	What is Government scheme SSF intends to leverage?	 SATAT' (Sustainable Alternative Towards Affordable Transportation) scheme on Compressed Bio Gas (CBG) was launched by Hon'ble Minister, Petroleum & Natural Gas on 1.10.2018. The scheme envisages to target production of 15 MMT (million tons) of CBG from 5000 Plants to support ~8000 CNG pumps across the country. Under SATAT scheme, entrepreneurs shall set up CBG plants, produce & supply CBG to OMCs for sale as automotive & industrial fuels. Entrepreneurs/Groups under the scheme shall be eligible for upfront subsidies on capital cost, covering ~20-25% of the outlay. Further, subsidies upto Rs. 4 crore may be availed against a 4.8 ton CBG plant.
4.	What are the qualification criteria. How will I be evaluated through the Expression of Interest on SATAT scheme.	Evaluation of the EOIs shall be carried out of a total of 100 marks as described in the EOI document. The prospective applicant has to score minimum of 35 marks to qualify. After submission of the documents through the e-tender portal, a committee of a particular OMC/GMC evaluates the EOI and awards Letter of Intent (LOI) to the successful applicant who had scored 35 marks or more on evaluation criteria.

CHALLENGE OPPORTUNITY SOLUTION IMPACT RISK APPENDIX

OMC/GMC shall be installing gas analyzers at its Retail Outlet to ascertain the quality of gas supplied and

dispensed. The quality of gas should be as per IS 16087 2016 specifications.

In addition, the Buyer shall also have the right to install

quality assurance equipment and/or test the samples of

CBG independently Please explain the clause?

FAQs (II) - SATAT & CBG UPTAKE

S. NO.	QUESTIONS	CLARIFICATIONS
6.	What are the terms by which we can supply CBG to Oil & Gas Companies ?	As per the EOI, OMC/GMC has offered a procurement price of CBG of Rs. 46/kg + applicable taxes from 1.10.2018 to 31.3.2024. There will be periodic revision in procurement price with effect from 1.4.2024 until 2029. Additionally, OMC/GMC shall also execute a Commercial Agreement of 15 years with the CBG Plant owner, to be extended on mutual consent, for a retail outlet within 25kms.
7.	What is the expected price 2024 onwards?	The revised procurement price of CBG 2024 onwards, offered by OMC/GMC partners, shall not be less than Rs. 80/kg + applicable taxes (5% GST) in line with CNG prices as at 31st March, 2023 (Rs. 79.56). The expectation rests on procurement price setting precedence in 2018. (CBG Price of Rs. 46 - 15% premium against Rs. 40 CNG Price in New Delhi (on 1st April, 2018)
8.	What are the terms of the offtake of CBG? In SATAT, is there a provision for 100% offtake of CBG from the day one i.e. from the first day of commissioning; by oil PSUs? Offtake of CBG in-case demand is not commensurate with the production?	Oil and Gas Companies shall try to off-take and market the entire amount of CBG produced by the CBG Plant. The CBG market, particularly in unseeded market, is expected the grow gradually and therefore, the supply of CBG from a particular CBG plant is also expected to increase gradually. Accordingly, the mutually agreed CBG supply plan shall be finalised and accordingly the production of CBG from a particular CBG plant shall be synchronised. In the event Buyer is not able to off-take CBG as per Supply Plan for a period of three (3) months, the Buyer shall endeavor to facilitate in sale of CBG at other retail outlet(s) of the Buyer or industrial bulk customers of the Buyer. Such sale to industrial bulk customers of Buyer will be as per mutual agreement by both parties.
9.	OMC/GMC has started to sell CBG at various locations. How is the customer experience? What does global studies say on efficiency of CBG?	OMC/GMC has initiated marketing of CBG from various retail outlets and Industrial customers. The feedback received from customers using CBG for their vehicles are encouraging. Improvement in mileage and ease of driving are the two common factors for which customers have expressed their satisfaction during recent survey. As per a study in Camden, UK on CBG and CNG vehicles, it was observed that the CGB vehicle displayed a 6% efficiency improvement in fuel consumption when compared with the CNG vehicle.
10.	Can Retail Outlet(s) outside the radius of twenty-five (25) kilometers from the CBG Plant be selected for sale of CBG ?	Retail Outlet(s) outside the radius of 25 kilometers from the CBG Plant can be selected for sale of CBG without any additional liability and financial implication to Oil & Gas Company. The additional cost incurred on transportation of CBG beyond 25 Kms shall be fully accountable to the CBG Plant owner.

APPENDIX

DETAILED FUND FINANCIALS (I)

						MITTE						
	Y1		Y2		Υ3		Y4		Y5		Y6	
Investor Infusion (70:30 - Y1:Y4)	₹	11,40,00,00,000.00	₹	-	₹	-	₹	4,80,00,00,000.00	₹	-	₹	-
Loan Outflows Post-Subsidy (Net of Origination fee)	₹	-2,39,52,00,000.00	₹	-3,29,34,00,000.00	₹	-4,49,10,00,000.00	₹	-5,98,80,00,000.00	₹	-7,18,56,00,000.00	₹	-8,98,20,00,000.00
Revenue Streams												
Interest Income	₹	-	₹	28,80,00,000.00	₹	68,40,00,000.00	₹	1,22,40,00,000.00	₹	1,94,40,00,000.00	₹	2,80,80,00,000.00
Carbon Credit Income	₹	-	₹	98,00,000.00	₹	2,32,75,000.00	₹	4,16,50,000.00	₹	6,61,50,000.00	₹	9,55,50,000.00
Loan Redemption	₹	-	₹	40,00,00,000.00	₹	95,00,00,000.00	₹	1,70,00,00,000.00	₹	2,70,00,00,000.00	₹	3,90,00,00,000.00
Gross Revenues	₹	-	₹	69,78,00,000.00	₹	1,65,72,75,000.00	₹	2,96,56,50,000.00	₹	4,71,01,50,000.00	₹	6,80,35,50,000.00
Fund Expenses												
MFI Processing Commission (0.5% of loan amount)	₹	-1,19,76,000.00	₹	-1,64,67,000.00	₹	-2,24,55,000.00	₹	-2,99,40,000.00	₹	-3,59,28,000.00	₹	-4,49,10,000.00
MFI SLI+ Intermediation Commission (0.5% of collections)	₹	-	₹	-34,40,000.00	₹	-81,70,000.00	₹	-1,46,20,000.00	₹	-2,32,20,000.00	₹	-3,35,40,000.00
Management Fees (0.5% of credits sold)	₹	-	₹	-9,80,000.00	₹	-23,27,500.00	₹	-41,65,000.00	₹	-66,15,000.00	₹	-95,55,000.00
Operating Expenses	₹	-70,00,000.00	₹	-80,50,000.00	₹	-92,57,500.00	₹	-1,06,46,125.00	₹	-1,22,43,043.75	₹	-1,40,79,500.31
Legal and Administrative Expenses	₹	-25,00,000.00	₹	-25,00,000.00	₹	-25,00,000.00	₹	-25,00,000.00	₹	-25,00,000.00	₹	-25,00,000.00
Total Carbon Certification Fees (Explanatory Note below)	₹	-5,20,000.00	₹	-9,03,261.00	₹	-7,04,757.60	₹	-8,70,277.88	₹	-10,76,739.50	₹	-13,15,117.88
Miscellaneous Expenses	₹	-6,00,000.00	₹	-6,00,000.00	₹	-6,00,000.00	₹	-6,00,000.00	₹	-6,00,000.00	₹	-6,00,000.00
Total Fund Expenses	₹	-2,25,96,000.00	₹	-3,29,40,261.00	₹	-4,60,14,757.60	₹	-6,33,41,402.88	₹	-8,21,82,783.25	₹	-10,64,99,618.19
<u>Loan Defaults</u>												
Bad Debts on Receivables (5% to 3% : Staggered Decline)	₹	-	₹	3,44,00,000.00	₹	8,17,00,000.00	₹	14,62,00,000.00	₹	23,22,00,000.00	₹	26,83,20,000.00
Additional Guarantee (\$6 million for 5 years)	₹	48,00,00,000.00	₹	48,00,00,000.00	₹	48,00,00,000.00	₹	48,00,00,000.00	₹	48,00,00,000.00	₹	-
Default Guarantee Fund (Accumulated)	₹	48,00,00,000.00	₹	96,00,00,000.00	₹	1,40,56,00,000.00	₹	1,80,39,00,000.00	₹	2,13,77,00,000.00	₹	1,90,55,00,000.00
Net Provision	₹	-	₹	92,56,00,000.00	₹	1,32,39,00,000.00	₹	1,65,77,00,000.00	₹	1,90,55,00,000.00	₹	1,63,71,80,000.00
Net Cash Flows (Fund Level)	₹	-2,41,77,96,000.00	₹	-2,62,85,40,261.00	₹	-2,87,97,39,757.60	₹	-3,08,56,91,402.88	₹	-2,55,76,32,783.25	₹	-2,28,49,49,618.19

DETAILED FUND FINANCIALS (II)

	Y7		Y8		Y9		Y10		Y11		Y12	
Investor Infusion (70:30 - Y1:Y4)	₹	-	₹	-	₹	-	₹	-	₹	-	₹	-
Loan Outflows Post-Subsidy (Net of Origination fee)	₹	_	₹	_	₹	_	₹	_	₹	_	₹	_
Louis Guttlon's 1 Ost-Subsidy (Net of Origination fee)	`	-	`	-	`	-	`	-	`	-	`	-
Revenue Streams												
Interest Income	₹	3,88,80,00,000.00	₹	3,60,00,00,000.00	₹	3,20,40,00,000.00	₹	2,66,40,00,000.00	₹	1,94,40,00,000.00	₹	1,08,00,00,000.00
Carbon Credit Income	₹	13,23,00,000.00	₹	12,25,00,000.00	₹	10,90,25,000.00	₹	9,06,50,000.00	₹	6,61,50,000.00	₹	3,67,50,000.00
Loan Redemption	₹	5,40,00,00,000.00	₹	5,00,00,00,000.00	₹	4,45,00,00,000.00	₹	3,70,00,00,000.00	₹	2,70,00,00,000.00	₹	1,50,00,00,000.00
Gross Revenues	₹	9,42,03,00,000.00	₹	8,72,25,00,000.00	₹	7,76,30,25,000.00	₹	6,45,46,50,000.00	₹	4,71,01,50,000.00	₹	2,61,67,50,000.00
F 1 F												
Fund Expenses	_		_		_		_		_		_	
MFI Processing Commission (0.5% of loan amount)	₹	-	₹	4 30 00 000 00	₹	- 2 02 70 000 00	₹	- 2 40 20 000 00	₹		₹	-
MFI SLI+ Intermediation Commission (0.5% of collections)	₹	.,,,	₹		₹	-3,82,70,000.00		-3,18,20,000.00		-2,32,20,000.00		-1,29,00,000.00
Management Fees (0.5% of credits sold)	₹	-1,32,30,000.00		-1,22,50,000.00		-1,09,02,500.00		-90,65,000.00		-66,15,000.00		-36,75,000.00
Operating Expenses	₹	-1,07,28,006.75		-76,24,771.98		-48,62,893.02		-46,68,377.30		-44,81,642.21		-43,02,376.52
Legal and Administrative Expenses	₹	-20,00,000.00		-20,00,000.00		-20,00,000.00		-20,00,000.00		-20,00,000.00		-20,00,000.00
Total Carbon Certification Fees (Explanatory Note below)	₹	,,	₹	-14,52,751.93		-14,34,634.65		-13,88,754.50		-12,32,675.00		-10,05,446.50
Miscellaneous Expenses	₹	-6,00,000.00	₹	-6,00,000.00	₹	-6,00,000.00	₹	-6,00,000.00	₹	-6,00,000.00	₹	-6,00,000.00
Total Fund Expenses	₹	-7,44,48,419.75	₹	-6,69,27,523.90	₹	-5,80,70,027.67	₹	-4,95,42,131.80	₹	-3,81,49,317.21	₹	-2,44,82,823.02
Loan Defaults												
Bad Debts on Receivables (5% to 3% : Staggered Decline)	₹	37,15,20,000.00	₹	34,40,00,000.00	₹	22,96,20,000.00		19,09,20,000.00		13,93,20,000.00		7,74,00,000.00
Additional Guarantee (\$6 million for 5 years)	₹	-	₹	-	₹	-	₹	-	₹	-	₹	-
Default Guarantee Fund (Accumulated)	₹	1,63,71,80,000.00	₹	1,26,56,60,000.00	₹	92,16,60,000.00	₹	69,20,40,000.00	₹	50,11,20,000.00	₹	36,18,00,000.00
Net Provision	₹	1,26,56,60,000.00	₹	92,16,60,000.00	₹	69,20,40,000.00	₹	50,11,20,000.00	₹	36,18,00,000.00	₹	28,44,00,000.00
Net Cash Flows (Fund Level)	₹	9,34,58,51,580.25	₹	8,65,55,72,476.10	₹	7,70,49,54,972.33	₹	6,40,51,07,868.20	₹	4,67,20,00,682.79	₹	2,59,22,67,176.98
CHALLENGE OPPORTUNITY											I	PPENDIX

CARBON CERTIFICATION FEE

Certification Fee Particulars	Y1		Y2		Υ3		Υ4		Y5		Y6	
Account Opening Fee	₹	-1,00,000.00	₹	-	₹	-	₹	-	₹	-	₹	-
Registration Fee	₹	-2,20,000.00	₹	-1,50,000.00	₹	-1,50,000.00	₹	-1,50,000.00	₹	-1,50,000.00	₹	-1,50,000.00
VCU Issuance Levy	₹	-	₹	-60,000.00	₹	-1,42,500.00	₹	-2,55,000.00	₹	-4,05,000.00	₹	-5,85,000.00
Conversion of GHG Credits	₹	-	₹	-12,880.50	₹	-26,524.80	₹	-40,984.88	₹	-56,383.50	₹	-72,304.88
Methodology Compensation Fees	₹	-	₹	-20,000.00	₹	-20,000.00	₹	-20,000.00	₹	-20,000.00	₹	-20,000.00
Expert Application Annual Fees	₹	-	₹	-50,000.00	₹	-50,000.00	₹	-50,000.00	₹	-50,000.00	₹	-50,000.00
Validation Body Annual Fees	₹	-	₹	-60,000.00	₹	-60,000.00	₹	-60,000.00	₹	-60,000.00	₹	-60,000.00
Total Certification Fees	₹	-2,00,000.00	₹	-5,50,380.50	₹	-2,55,732.80	₹	-2,94,293.00	₹	-3,35,356.00	₹	-3,77,813.00

Certification Fee Particulars	Y7		Y8		Υ9		Y10		Y11		Y12	
Account Opening Fee	₹	-	₹	-	₹	-	₹	-	₹	-	₹	-
Registration Fee	₹	-	₹	-	₹	-	₹	-	₹	-	₹	-
VCU Issuance Levy	₹	-8,10,000.00	₹	-7,50,000.00	₹	-6,67,500.00	₹	-5,55,000.00	₹	-4,05,000.00	₹	-2,25,000.00
Conversion of GHG Credits	₹	-88,749.00	₹	-1,05,750.53	₹	-1,23,309.45	₹	-1,41,478.50	₹	-1,60,275.00	₹	-1,47,394.50
Methodology Compensation Fees	₹	-20,000.00	₹	-20,000.00	₹	-20,000.00	₹	-20,000.00	₹	-20,000.00	₹	-20,000.00
Expert Application Annual Fees	₹	-50,000.00	₹	-50,000.00	₹	-50,000.00	₹	-50,000.00	₹	-50,000.00	₹	-50,000.00
Validation Body Annual Fees	₹	-60,000.00	₹	-60,000.00	₹	-60,000.00	₹	-60,000.00	₹	-60,000.00	₹	-60,000.00
Total Certification Fees	₹	-4,21,664.00	₹	-4,67,001.40	₹	-5,13,825.20	₹	-5,62,276.00	₹	-5,37,400.00	₹	-5,03,052.00

GUARANTEE FUND: QUASI-FIRST LOSS



Mandatory 2% CSR spend by oil manufacturing companies to be channelled into the Sustainable Stubble Guarantee Fund



Guarantee Fund to be brought to use for fund investors and DFIs in the event of default by CBG plants and non-recovery thereof



Guarantee Fund Contributions

Primary OMCs	CSI	R (Latest CSR targets)	
IOCL	₹	4,60,00,00,000.00	
HPCL	₹	1,55,00,00,000.00	
BPCL	₹	1,62,00,00,000.00	Identification
ONGC	₹	5,53,00,00,000.00	Strategy: Direct
GAIL	₹	1,47,00,00,000.00	Impact
Overall Contribution	₹	14,77,00,00,000.00	
Absolute Annual Contribution	₹	32,00,00,000.00	
Annual Guarantee (%)		2.17%	

Tertiary Contributors	CS	R (Latest CSR targets)	
Reliance Industries Ltd.	₹	11,40,00,00,000.00	
Vedanta Ltd.	₹	3,31,00,00,000.00	
Tata Power Company Ltd.	₹	3,45,00,000.00	Strategy: Energy sector with
NTPC Ltd.	₹	4,18,00,00,000.00	rural-focused
Power Grid Corporation of India	₹	2,47,00,00,000.00	
Overall Contribution	₹	21,39,45,00,000.00	
Absolute Annual Contribution	₹	16,00,00,000.00	

LOAN UTILISATION AND UPTAKE

Loan Utilization (\$1.5 million)						
Biogas Plant (Digester)	25%					
Scrubbing Unit	13%					
Compressor Cost	21%					
CNG Cylinder and Pipeline	6%					
Storage Tank	3%					
Installation Expenses	6%					
Slurry Processing Unit	27%					

	Y1	Y2	Y3	Y4	Y5	Y6
Loans disbursed (in millions)	2400	3300	4500	6000	7200	9000
CBG Plants Loaned	200	275	375	500	600	750

SLI INPUT SOURCING FEASIBILITY ASSESSMENT

CBG Plant Sourcing Feasibility Estimate (Derived solely on household biodegradable waste)						
Avg No. of wards accessible to CBG Plant (10km radius)	15					
Avg no. of individuals in a ward	5000					
Household waste generated per person per day (kgs)	0.57					
Waste collectible per person per day (kgs)	0.31					
Collection efficiency of the ward (%)	50%					
Total collectible waste per ward (tonnes per day)	0.775					
Total accessible collectible waste (tonnes per day)	11.625					
CBG Plant input requirement (tonnes per day)	2					
Daily input requirement as a fraction of collectible waste (%)	17.2%					

Ward SLI Revenue Generation Potential	
Total collectible waste per ward (tonnes per day)	0.775
Expected waste uptake from CBG Plant (%)	50%
Expected annual waste collection from the ward (tonnes)	135.625
Ward's annual revenue potential (INR)	54,250

CBG PLANT SUCCESS STORY

IN FOCUS: SANGRUR CBG PLANT

THE STORY BEHIND THE SANGRUR CBG PLANT

- Sangrur, a hotbed of intensive wheat-rice agriculture in Punjab used to top the charts regarding farm fire incidents
- But in June, the district became home to an innovation aimed at producing Bio-CNG or compressed biogas (CBG)
- The plant has been set up by Verbio, a German company and would consume 100,000 tonnes of paddy straw, procured from 6-8 satellite locations within a 10 km radius of the plant.

POSITIVE IMPACT OF THE PLANT

- There shall be daily production of about 600-650 tonnes of FOM (Fermented Organic Manure) in the Sangrur, which can be used for organic farming.
- It shall prevent stubble burning of 40,000 acres of fields, translating into an annual reduction of 150,000 tonnes of CO₂, ensuring that the citizens of Sangrur breathe in cleaner air and contribute towards India's COP26 Climate Change targets.

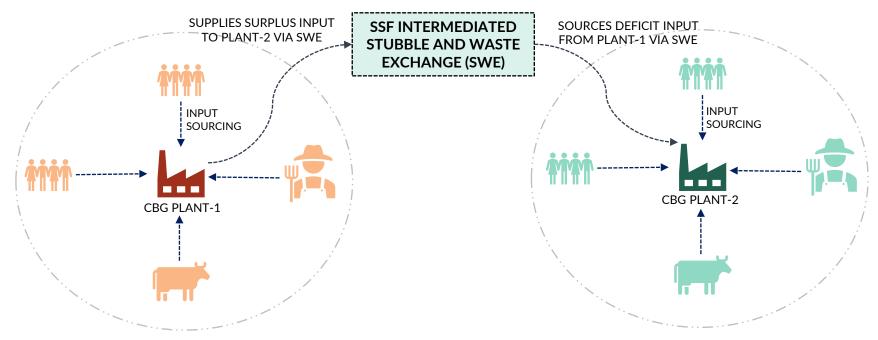






MARKETPLACE FOR STUBBLE AND WASTE: FUTURE EXTENSION

AIM: TO CREATE A LOCAL MARKET FOR STUBBLE AND WASTE



CBG PLANT-1 SOURCES INPUT FROM NEARBY SOURCES

CBG PLANT-2 IS WITHIN A FEASIBLE DISTANCE TO PLANT-1 AND SOURCES INPUT FROM NEARBY SOURCES